NOTICE OF RULEMAKING – PROPOSED RULE

AUTHORITY: In compliance with Section 67-5221(1), Idaho Code, notice is hereby given that this agency has initiated proposed rulemaking. The action is authorized by Chapters 1 and 36, Title 39, Idaho Code.

PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULE: No hearings have been scheduled. Pursuant to Section 67-5222(2), Idaho Code, a public hearing will be held if requested in writing by twenty-five (25) persons, a political subdivision, or an agency. Written requests for a hearing must be received by the undersigned on or before November 20, 2019. If no such written request is received, a public hearing will not be held.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: DEQ initiated this rulemaking in response to Executive Order No. 2019-02, Red Tape Reduction Act, issued by Governor Little on January 21, 2019. Upon review of its existing rules, DEQ determined that its two facility planning grant rule chapters could be simplified and consolidated into a single chapter. DEQ proposes to delete IDAPA 58.01.04, Rules for Administration of Wastewater Treatment Facility Grants, and merge necessary and relevant sections of IDAPA 58.01.04 with IDAPA 58.01.22, Rules for Administration of Planning Grants for Public Drinking Water Facilities. DEQ has initiated a separate rulemaking for the deletion of IDAPA 58.01.04 (Docket No. 58-0104-1901).

Prospective grant and loan recipients, consulting engineers, grant and loan administrators, other funding agencies, public officials representing various counties and cities, and the public at large may be interested in commenting on this proposed rule. The proposed rule text is in legislative format. Language the agency proposes to add is underlined. Language the agency proposes to delete is struck out. It is these additions and deletions to which public comment should be addressed.

After consideration of public comments, DEQ intends to present the final proposal to the Idaho Board of Environmental Quality (Board) in 2020 for adoption of a pending rule. The rule is expected to be final and effective upon adjournment of the 2021 legislative session if adopted by the Board and approved by the Legislature.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE: Pursuant to Section 67-5229(2)(a), Idaho Code, the following is a brief synopsis of why the incorporation by reference is necessary: N/A

NEGOTIATED RULEMAKING: The text of the proposed rule was drafted based on discussions held and concerns raised during negotiations conducted pursuant to Idaho Code § 67-5220. On August 1, 2019, DEQ posted notice of the negotiated rulemaking on its website, and a preliminary draft rule was made available for public review. The Notice of Negotiated Rulemaking was published in the August 2019 issue of the Idaho Administrative Bulletin, Vol. 19-8, pages 160–161 and a meeting was held on August 27, 2019. Key information was posted on the DEQ website and distributed to the public. No comments were received.

At the conclusion of the negotiated rulemaking process, DEQ formatted the draft for publication as a proposed rule. DEQ is now seeking public comment on the proposed rule. The negotiated rulemaking record, which includes the negotiated rule draft, documents distributed during the negotiated rulemaking process, and the negotiated rulemaking summary, is available at www.deq.idaho.gov/58-0122-1901.

IDAHO CODE SECTION 39-107D STATEMENT: This proposed rule does not regulate an activity not regulated by the federal government, nor is it broader in scope or more stringent than federal regulations.

FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT: The following is a specific description, if applicable, of any negative fiscal impact on the state general fund greater than ten thousand dollars ($10,000) during the fiscal year: N/A

ASSISTANCE ON TECHNICAL QUESTIONS: For assistance on technical questions concerning this rulemaking, contact Tim Wendland at tim.wendland@deq.idaho.gov or (208) 373-0439.

SUBMISSION OF WRITTEN COMMENTS: Anyone may submit written comments by mail, fax or e-mail at the address below regarding this proposed rule. DEQ will consider all written comments received by the undersigned on or before December 4, 2019.
Dated this 6th day of November, 2019.

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THE FOLLOWING IS THE PROPOSED TEXT OF DOCKET NO. 58-0122-1901
(Only Those Sections With Amendments Are Shown.)

58.01.22 – RULES FOR ADMINISTRATION OF PLANNING GRANTS
FOR DRINKING WATER AND WASTEWATER FACILITIES

000. LEGAL AUTHORITY.
The Idaho State Board of Environmental Quality, pursuant to authority granted in Chapters 1 and 36, Title 39, Idaho Code, adopted the following rules for the administration of Drinking Water and Wastewater Planning Grant Programs in Idaho.

001. TITLE AND SCOPE.
01. Title. These rules will be known and cited as Rules of the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality, IDAPA 58.01.22, “Rules for Administration of Planning Grants for Drinking Water and Wastewater Facilities.”

02. Scope. The provisions of these rules will establish administrative procedures and requirements for establishing, implementing and administering a state grant program providing financial assistance to qualifying entities to prepare a drinking water or wastewater facility planning document.

002. WRITTEN INTERPRETATIONS (RESERVED)
As described in Section 67-5201(19)(b)(iv), Idaho Code, the Department of Environmental Quality may have written statements which pertain to the interpretation of these rules. If available, such written statements can be inspected and copied at cost at the Department of Environmental Quality, 1410 N. Hilton, Boise, Idaho 83706.

(BREAK IN CONTINUITY OF SECTIONS)

004. INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE AND AVAILABILITY OF REFERENCED MATERIAL.
01. Incorporation by Reference. These rules do not contain documents incorporated by reference.

02. Availability of Referenced Material. The “Drinking Water Loan Handbook of Procedures” and
006. POLICY.
It is the policy of the Idaho Board of Environmental Quality, through the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality, to administer the Drinking Water and Wastewater Grant Programs. The Drinking Water and Wastewater Grant Programs provide assistance to eligible public drinking water and wastewater systems for the planning of facilities to help ensure safe and adequate supplies of drinking water and appropriate processing and disposal of wastewater. It is also the intent of the Idaho Board of Environmental Quality to assign a priority rating to those projects which shall to facilitate the compliance of any eligible public drinking water system with national primary drinking water regulations applicable to the system, IDAPA 58.01.08, “Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems,” and the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 300f et seq., and to administer the Wastewater Treatment Facility Grant Program to protect and enhance the quality and value of the water resources of the state of Idaho by financially assisting in the prevention, control and abatement of water pollution in accordance with IDAPA 58.01.16, Wastewater Rules.

007. SYSTEM ELIGIBILITY.

01. Eligible Drinking Water Systems. Community water systems and nonprofit noncommunity water systems.

02. Eligible Wastewater Systems. Any county, city, special service district, nonprofit corporation, or other governmental entity, or a combination thereof, having authority to collect, treat or dispose of wastewater.

023. Systems Not Eligible. The following public drinking water systems will not be considered eligible for project planning grants:

a. Systems that do not have the financial capability to pay their non-grant share of a planning project.

b. Systems delinquent in payment of the annual state drinking water fee, Idaho Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (IPDES) permit assessments or state revolving fund loan repayments.

008. -- 009. (RESERVED)

010. DEFINITIONS.
For the purpose of the rules contained in this chapter, the following definitions apply:

01. Applicant. Any qualifying entity making application for drinking water planning grant funds.

02. Board. The Idaho Board of Environmental Quality.

03. Categorical Exclusion (CE). Category of actions which do not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment and for which, therefore, neither an environmental information document nor an environmental impact statement is required.

04. Collector Sewer. That portion of the wastewater treatment facility whose primary purpose is to receive sewage from individual residences and other individual public or private structures and which is intended to convey wastewater to an interceptor sewer or a treatment plant.
045. Community Water System. A public drinking water system that:
   a. Serves at least fifteen (15) service connections used by year round residents of the area served by the system; or
   b. Regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) year-round residents.

050. Contaminant. Any physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter in water.

067. Department. The Idaho Department of Environmental Quality.

078. Director. The Director of the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality or the Director’s designee.

089. Distribution System. Any combination of pipes, tanks, pumps, and other equipment which delivers water from the source(s), treatment facility(ies), or a combination of source(s) and treatment facility(ies) to the consumer. Chlorination may be considered as a function of a distribution system.

100. Domestic Wastewater. Wastewater derived from public or private residences, business buildings or institutions and similar establishments and which contains water and human body wastes, specifically excreta and urine, along with such products designed to come in contact with excreta and urine in the practice of personal hygiene.

091. Eligible Costs. Costs which are necessary for planning public drinking water systems. To be eligible, costs must also be reasonable and not ineligible costs. The determination of eligible costs shall be made by the Department pursuant to Section 032.

102. Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). A document prepared by the applicant when the Department determines that the proposed drinking water project will significantly affect the environment. The major purpose of the EIS will be to describe fully the significant impacts of the project and how these impacts can be either avoided or mitigated. The Environmental Review Procedures contained in Chapter 5 of the Handbook may be used as guidance when preparing the EIS.

133. Environmental Information Document (EID). Any written environmental assessment prepared by the applicant describing the environmental impacts of a proposed drinking water construction project. This document will be of sufficient scope to enable the Department to assess the environmental impacts of the proposed project and ultimately determine if an environmental impact statement (EIS) is warranted.

143. Financial Capability. The ability to raise and manage funds to provide the necessary resources for proper operation of the system.

155. Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI). A document prepared by the Department presenting the reasons why an action, not otherwise excluded, will not have a significant effect on the human environment and for which an environmental impact statement (EIS) will not be prepared. It shall include the environmental information document or a summary of it and shall note any other environmental documents related to it.

166. Grant Recipient. An applicant who has been awarded a grant.


199. Ineligible Costs. Costs which are not eligible for funding pursuant to these rules.
20. **Interceptor Sewer.** That portion of the wastewater treatment facility whose primary purpose is to transport domestic sewage or nondomestic wastewater from collector sewers to a treatment plant.

21. **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL).** The maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water which is delivered to any user of a public drinking water system.

22. **Managerial Capability.** The capabilities of the qualified entity to support the proper financial management and technical operation of the system.

23. **Noncommunity Water System.** A public water system that is not a community water system.

24. **Nondomestic Wastewater.** Wastewaters originating primarily from industrial or commercial processes which carry little or no pollutants of human origin.

25. **Nonprofit Noncommunity Water System.** A public drinking water system that is not a community water system and is governed by Section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code and includes, but is not limited to, state agencies, municipalities and nonprofit organizations such as churches and schools.

26. **Nontransient Noncommunity Water System.** A public drinking water system that is not a community water system and that regularly serves at least twenty-five (25) of the same persons over six (6) months per year.

27. **Operation and Maintenance Manual.** A guidance and training manual delineating the optimum operation and maintenance of the facility or its components.

28. **Person.** An individual, corporation, company, association, partnership, state agency, municipality, or federal agency (and includes officers, employees, and agents of any corporation, company, association, state agency, municipality, or federal agency).

29. **Planning Document.** A document which describes the condition of a public drinking water or wastewater system and presents a cost effective and environmentally sound alternative to achieve or maintain regulatory compliance. Engineering reports and facility plans are examples of such planning documents. The planning documents shall be prepared by or under the responsible charge of an Idaho licensed professional engineer and shall bear the imprint of the engineer’s seal. Requirements for planning documents prepared using grant funds are provided in Section 030 of these rules and in the Handbook.

30. **Point Source.** Any discernible, confined and discrete conveyance, including but not limited to any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, or vessel or other floating craft, from which pollutants are, or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture, discharges from dams and hydroelectric generating facilities or any source or activity considered a nonpoint source by definition.

31. **Pollutant.** Any chemical, biological, or physical substance whether it be solid, liquid, gas, or a quality thereof, which if released into the environment can, by itself or in combination with other substances, create a nuisance or render that environment harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety or welfare or to domestic, commercial, industrial, recreational, aesthetic or other beneficial uses.

32. **Priority List.** A list of proposed projects rated by severity of a risk to public health, the necessity to ensure compliance with, IDAPA 58.01.08, “Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems;” and the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C., Sections 300f et seq., population affected, the need on a household basis for protection of Idaho’s public drinking water supplies, and as otherwise described in Section 020.

33. **Public Drinking Water System/Public Water System/Water System.** A system for the provision to the public of water for human consumption through pipes or, after August 5, 1998, other constructed conveyances, if such system has at least fifteen (15) service connections, regardless of the number of water sources or configuration of the distribution system, or regularly serves an average of at least twenty-five (25) individuals daily at least sixty...
(60) days out of the year. Such term includes: any collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities under the control of the operator of such system and used primarily in connection with such system; and any collection or pretreatment storage facilities not under such control which are used primarily in connection with such system. Such term does not include any “special irrigation district.” A public water system is either a “community water system” or a “noncommunity water system.”

2634. Qualifying Entity. Any county, city, special service district, nonprofit or investor-owned corporation, or other governmental entity, or a combination thereof, which owns or operates a public drinking water system, irrigation system, or wastewater system.

27. Rehabilitation. The repair or replacement of segments of drinking water facilities.

28. Reserve Capacity. That portion of the system in the planned facilities to handle future drinking water demand.

29. Sewer Use Ordinance/Sewer Use Resolution. An ordinance or resolution which requires new sewers and connections to be properly designed and constructed, prohibits extraneous sources of inflow and prohibits introduction of wastes into the sewer in an amount that endangers the public safety or the physical or operational integrity of the wastewater treatment facility.

30. State. The state of Idaho.

31. Suspension. An action by the Director to suspend a grant contract prior to project completion for a specified cause. Suspended contracts may be reinstated.

32. Sustainability. Sustainability will include efforts for energy and water conservation, extending the life of capital assets, green building practices, and other environmentally innovative approaches to infrastructure repair, replacement and improvement.

33. Technical Capability. The ability of the public drinking water or wastewater system to comply with existing and expected drinking water rules.

34. Termination. An action by the Director to permanently terminate a grant contract prior to project completion for a specific cause. Terminated contracts will not be reinstated.

35. User Charge System. A system of rates and service charges applicable to specific types of users, including any legal enforcement mechanism as may be required, and which provides sufficient reserves and/or revenues for debt retirement, operation and maintenance, and replacement of the wastewater treatment facility.

36. Wastewater. A combination of the liquid and water-carried wastes from dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial plants, institutions and other establishments, together with any groundwater, surface water and storm water that may be present; liquid and water that is physically, chemically, biologically, or rationally identifiable as containing excreta, urine, pollutants or domestic or commercial wastes; sewage.

37. Wastewater Treatment Facility. Any facility, including land, equipment, furnishings and appurtenances thereof, for the purpose of collecting, treating, neutralizing or stabilizing wastewater and removing pollutants from wastewater including the treatment plant, collectors, interceptors, outfall and outlet sewers, pumping stations, sludge treatment and handling systems and land disposal systems.

38. Water Treatment Plant. That portion of the public drinking water system whose primary purpose is to remove contaminants.

011. -- 019. (RESERVED)

020. PRIORITY RATING SYSTEM. Projects are identified for placement on priority lists by surveying eligible entities directly on an annual basis.
Information is also received from the Department and consulting engineers. Grant funds are awarded to projects based on priority ratings. Projects are rated by the Department on a standard priority rating form using public health, sustainability, and water quality criteria and condition of the existing system.

01. Purpose. A priority rating system shall be utilized by the Department to annually allot available funds to projects determined eligible for funding assistance in accordance with these rules.

02. Priority Rating for Drinking Water Systems. The priority rating system shall be based on a numerical point system. Priority criteria shall contain the following points:

a. Public Health Hazard. Any condition which creates, or may create, a danger to the consumer's health, which may include any one (1) or more of the following, may be awarded a maximum of one hundred (100) points:

i. Documented unresolved violations of the primary drinking water standards including maximum contaminant levels, action levels, and treatment techniques (to include maximum contaminant levels for acute and chronic contaminants);

ii. Documented unresolved violations of pressure requirements;

iii. Documented reduction in source capacity that impacts the system’s ability to reliably serve water;

or

iv. Documented significant deficiencies (e.g., documented in a sanitary survey) in the physical system that is causing the system to not be able to reliably serve safe drinking water.

b. General Conditions of Existing Facilities. Points shall be given based on deficiencies (which would not constitute a public health hazard) for pumping, treating, storing, and delivering drinking water - up to sixty (60) points.

c. Sustainability Efforts (e.g., prospective efforts at energy conservation, water conservation, extending the life of capital assets, green building practices, and other environmentally innovative approaches to infrastructure repair, replacement and improvement) - up to fifty (50) points.

d. Consent Order, Compliance Agreement Schedule, or Court Order. Points shall be given if the system is operating under and in compliance with a Consent Order, Compliance Agreement Schedule, or Court Order and the proposed construction project will address the Consent Order, Compliance Agreement Schedule, or Court Order - up to thirty (30) points.

e. Incentives. Bonus points shall be awarded to systems that promote source water protection, conservation, economy, proper operation maintenance, and monitoring - up to ten (10) points.

f. Affordability. Points shall be given when current system user charges exceed state affordability guidelines - ten (10) points.

03. Priority Rating for Wastewater Systems. The priority rating system shall be based on a numerical point system. Priority criteria shall contain the following points:

a. Public health emergency or hazard certified by the Idaho Board of Environmental Quality, the Department, a District Health Department, or by a District Board of Health - one hundred fifty (150) points.

b. Regulatory compliance issues (e.g., noncompliance and resulting legal actions relating to infrastructure deficiencies at a wastewater facility) – up to one hundred (100) points.
c. Watershed restoration (e.g., implementation of best management practices or initiation of construction at wastewater collection and treatment facilities as part of an approved total maximum daily load plan, implementation of nonpoint source management actions in protection of a threatened water, or is part of a special water quality effort) – up to one hundred (100) points.

d. Watershed protection from impacts (e.g., improvement of beneficial use(s) in a given water body, evidence of community support, or recognition of the special status of the affected water body) – up to one hundred (100) points.

e. Preventing impacts to uses (nonpoint source pollution projects) – up to one hundred (100) points.

f. Sustainability efforts (e.g., prospective efforts at energy conservation, water conservation, extending the life of capital assets, green building practices, and other environmentally innovative approaches to infrastructure repair, replacement and improvement) – up to fifty (50) points.

g. Affordability (current system user charges exceed state affordability guidelines) -- ten (10) points.

Rating Forms. Rating criteria for Subsections 020.02 and 020.03 is set forth in a rating form that is available in the Handbook at www.deq.idaho.gov.

045. Priority List. A list shall be developed from projects rated according to the priority rating system. Such list shall be submitted for public review and comment, and shall thereafter be submitted to the Board for approval and adoption.

a. Priority Reevaluation. Whenever significant changes occur, which in the Department's judgment would affect the design parameters or treatment requirements by either increasing or decreasing the need for or scope of any project, a reevaluation of that priority rating will be conducted.

b. Priority Target Date. An eligible applicant whose project is on the approved priority list, and for which funding is available, will be contacted by the Department and a target date for submission of a completed grant application will be established.

c. Project Bypass. A project that does not or will not meet the project target date or a Department schedule that allows for timely utilization of grant funds may be bypassed, substituting in its place the next highest ranking project that is ready to proceed. An eligible applicant that is bypassed will be notified in writing of the reasons for being bypassed.

Amendment of Priority List. The Director may amend the Priority List as set forth in Section 080 of these rules.

021. -- 029. (RESERVED)

030. PROJECT SCOPE AND FUNDING.
Grant funds awarded under this program will be used entirely to prepare a drinking water facility planning document. The planning document will to identify the cost effective and environmentally sound alternative to achieve or maintain compliance with IDAPA 58.01.08, “Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems,” and the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sections 300f et seq.; or maintain compliance with IDAPA 58.01.16, Wastewater Rules, and the federal Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Sections 1381 et seq. The planning document must be approved by the Department.

Planning Document.

a. A planning document shall include all items required by IDAPA 58.01.08, “Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems,” Subsection 503.03 or 502.04 or IDAPA 58.01.16, “Wastewater Rules,” Subsection 411.03 or 410.04. Should the grant recipient proceed to construction using federal funds (e.g., a state revolving fund loan),
then the items listed in Subsection 030.01.b. of these rules shall will be required prior to construction. (3-29-12)

b. A planning document that is prepared anticipating the use of federal funds shall include an environmental review that will require the Department approval of both a draft and final planning document. (3-29-12)

i. The draft planning document shall include all items required by IDAPA 58.01.08, “Idaho Rules for Public Drinking Water Systems,” Subsection 502.04 or 503.03, as well as the following:

1. Description of existing conditions for the proposed project area; (3-30-01)
2. Description of future conditions for the proposed project area; (3-30-01)
3. Development and initial screening of alternatives; (3-30-01)
4. Development of an environmental review specified by the Department as described in Section 040. (3-29-12)

ii. The final planning document shall include all items required of the draft planning document as well as the following:

1. Final screening of principal alternatives and plan adoption; (3-30-01)
2. Selected plan description and implementation arrangements; and (3-29-12)
3. Relevant engineering data supporting the final alternative. (3-29-12)

4. Assessment of the cost and effectiveness, to the maximum extent practicable, of efficient water use, reuse, recapture and conservation, and energy conservation, with cost including construction, operation and maintenance, and replacement. (3-29-12)

iii. The grant recipient shall provide an opportunity for the public to comment on the draft planning document. The public comment period shall be held after alternatives have been developed and the Department has approved the draft planning document. The grant recipient shall provide written notice of the public comment period and hold at least one (1) public meeting within the jurisdiction of the grant recipient during the public comment period. At the public meeting, the grant recipient shall present the draft planning document shall be presented by the grant recipient with an explanation of the alternatives identified. The cost effective and environmentally sound alternative selected shall consider public comments received from those affected by the proposed project. After the public meeting and public comment period, the final alternative will be selected and the Environmental Information Document may be prepared. (3-29-12)

c. The draft and final planning document shall bear the imprint of an Idaho licensed professional engineer’s seal that is both signed and dated by the engineer. (3-29-12)

d. The draft and final planning documents must be reviewed and approved by the Department. (3-29-12)

e. The planning period shall be twenty (20) years for all facilities except for distribution and transmission systems which may be forty (40) years. (4-2-08)

02. Limitation on Funding Assistance. The maximum grant funding provided in a state planning grant award shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total eligible costs for grants awarded. (3-30-01)

031. REVIEW AND EVALUATION OF GRANT APPLICATIONS.
01. Submission of Application. Those eligible systems which received high priority ranking shall be invited to submit an application. The applicant shall submit to the Department, a completed application in a form prescribed by the Department. (3-30-01)

02. Application Requirements. Applications shall contain the following documentation, as applicable:

a. An authorizing resolution passed by a majority of the governing body authorizing an elected official or officer of the qualifying entity to commit funding; and (5-3-03)

b. Contracts for engineering services or other technical services and the description of costs and tasks set forth therein shall be in sufficient detail for the Department to determine whether the costs associated with the tasks are eligible costs pursuant to Section 032; and (3-29-12)

c. A plan of study describing the work tasks to be performed in the planning document, a schedule for completion of the work tasks and an estimate of staff hours and costs to complete the work tasks; and (3-29-12)

d. Justification for the engineering firm selected. An engineering firm selected by the applicant must at a minimum:
   i. Be procured through the selection guidelines and procedures prescribed under Section 67-2320, Idaho Code; and (5-3-03)
   ii. Be a registered professional engineer currently licensed by the Idaho Board of Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors; and (5-3-03)
   iii. Not be debarred or otherwise prevented from providing services under another federal or state financial assistance program; and (5-3-03)
   iv. Be covered by professional liability insurance in accordance with Subsection 050.05.d. A certification of liability insurance shall be included in the application; and (5-3-03)

e. A description of other costs, not included in the contracts for engineering or other technical services, for which the applicant seeks funding. The description of the costs and tasks for such costs must be in sufficient detail for the Department to determine whether the costs are eligible costs pursuant to Section 032; and (3-29-12)

f. A demonstration that the obligation to pay the costs for which funding is requested, is the result or will be the result of the applicant’s compliance with applicable competitive bidding requirements and requirements for professional service contracts, including without limitation, the requirements set forth in Sections 67-2801 et seq., 67-2320, 59-1026, and 42-3212, Idaho Code; and (4-2-08)

g. A statement regarding how the non-grant portion of the project will be funded; and (5-3-03)

h. For incorporated nonprofit applicants only, Articles of Incorporation and/or Bylaws showing nonprofit and incorporated status according to Chapter 3, Title 30, Idaho Code. (3-30-01)

03. Determination of Completeness of Application. Applications will be reviewed to determine whether they contain all of the information required by Subsection 031.02. (3-30-01)

04. Notification Regarding Incompleteness of Application. Written notification if an application is incomplete, including an explanation of missing documentation, will be sent to the applicant. The applicant may provide the missing documentation. (5-3-03)

05. Reapplication for Grant. The action of disapproving, recalling, or terminating a grant in no way precludes or limits the former applicant from reapplying for another grant when the project deficiencies are resolved and project readiness is secured. (5-3-03)
032. DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY OF COSTS.
The Department shall will review the application, including any contracts required to be submitted with the application, to determine whether the costs are eligible costs for funding. (5-3-03)

01. Eligible Costs. Eligible costs are those determined by the Department to be:
   (5-3-03)
   a. Necessary costs; (3-29-12)
   b. Reasonable costs; and (3-29-12)
   c. Costs that are not ineligible as described in Subsection 032.05. (3-29-12)

02. Necessary Costs. The Department shall will determine whether costs are necessary by comparing the tasks for which the costs will be incurred to the scope of the project as described in the plan of study for the planning document. (3-29-12)

03. Reasonable Costs. Costs shall will be determined by the Department to be reasonable if the obligation to pay the costs is the result of or will be the result of the applicant’s compliance with applicable competitive bidding requirements and requirements for professional service contracts, including without limitation, the requirements set forth in Sections 67-2801 et seq., 67-2320, 59-1026, and 42-3212, Idaho Code. (4-2-08)

04. Examples of Costs That May Be Eligible. Examples of costs that may be eligible, if determined necessary, reasonable and not ineligible costs include:
   (5-3-03)
   a. Costs of salaries, benefits, and expendable material the qualified entity incurs in the project except ordinary expenses such as salaries and expenses of a mayor; city council members; board; or a city, district or board attorney; (4-2-08)
   b. Professional and consulting services utilizing a lump sum contract, specifying costs of individual tasks. (5-3-03)
   c. Engineering costs pursuant to a lump sum contract, specifying costs of individual tasks, directly related to the planning of public drinking water treatment, storage and distribution facilities including but not limited to the preparation of a planning document and environmental review report; (3-29-12)
   d. Financial, technical and management capability analysis; (5-3-03)
   e. Public participation for alternative selection; (5-3-03)
   f. Certain direct and other costs as determined eligible by the Department; and (5-3-03)
   g. Site acquisition services which could include legal fees, appraisals and surveys for land associated with the cost-effective alternative in the report and for purchase from a willing seller. Legal costs necessary to allow for the completion of the facility plan. (3-29-12)

05. Ineligible Project Costs. Costs which are ineligible for funding include, but are not limited to:
   (5-3-03)
   a. Basin or area wide planning not directly related to the project; (5-3-03)
   b. Personal injury compensation or damages arising out of the project; (5-3-03)
   c. Fines or penalties due to violations of, or failure to comply with, federal, state, or local laws; (5-3-03)
   d. Costs outside the scope of the approved project; (5-3-03)
e. Ordinary operating expenses such as salaries and expenses of a mayor, city council members, city attorney, district or association personnel costs, and acquiring project funding; (4-2-08)

f. Preparation of a grant application; (5-3-03)

g. All costs related to assessment, defense and settlement of disputes, unless such costs are integral to the completion of the project; (5-3-03)

h. Costs of supplying required permits or waivers; and (5-3-03)

i. Costs incurred prior to award of the grant unless specifically approved in writing as eligible pre-award costs by the Department; (5-3-03)

j. Engineering costs incurred prior to approval of the engineering contract or those costs in excess of the contract ceiling unless preapproval has been given in writing by the Department; and (5-3-03)

06. Notification Regarding Ineligible Costs. Prior to providing a grant offer, the Department shall notify the applicant that certain costs are not eligible for funding and the reasons for the Department’s determination. If such costs are included in the engineering contract, the Department shall also provide notification to the engineer. The applicant may provide the Department additional information in response to the notice. (5-3-03)

07. Eligible Costs and the Grant Offer. The grant offer shall reflect those costs determined by the Department to be eligible costs. The grant offer, however, may include estimates of some eligible costs that have not yet been set. Actual eligible costs may differ from such estimated costs set forth in the grant offer. In addition, grant disbursements may be increased or decreased if eligible costs are modified. (4-2-08)

033. -- 039. (RESERVED)

040. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.

01. Environmental Documentation. The grant recipient may complete an environmental review as part of and in conjunction with a planning document. Guidance on how to complete an environmental review may be found in Chapter 5 of the Handbook. If the grant recipient prepares an environmental review, then the Department shall consult at an early stage in the preparation of the planning document to determine the required level of environmental review. Based on review of existing information and assessment of environmental impacts, the grant recipient may complete at least one (1) of the following: (3-29-12)

a. Submit a request for Categorical Exclusion (CE) with supporting backup documentation as specified by the Department; (4-2-08)

b. Prepare an Environmental Information Document (EID) in a format specified by the Department; or (4-2-08)

c. Prepare an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) in a format specified by the Department. (4-2-08)

02. Categorical Exclusions. If the grant recipient requests a CE, the Department shall review the request and, based upon the supporting documentation, take one (1) of the following actions: (3-29-12)

a. Determine if an action is consistent with categories eligible for exclusion whereupon the Department shall issue a notice of CE from further substantive environmental review. Once the CE is granted for the selected alternative, the Department will publish a notice of CE in a local newspaper, following which the planning document can be approved; or (3-29-12)

b. Determine if an action is not consistent with categories eligible for exclusion and that issuance of a
CE is not appropriate. If issuance of a CE is not appropriate, the Department shall will notify the grant recipient of the need to prepare an EID.

03. Environmental Information Document Requirements. When an EID is required, the grant recipient shall prepare the EID in accordance with the following Department procedures:

   a. Various laws and executive orders related to environmentally sensitive resources shall be considered as the EID is prepared. Appropriate state and federal agencies shall be consulted regarding these laws and executive orders.

   b. A full range of relevant impacts, both direct and indirect, of the proposed project shall be discussed in the EID, including measures to mitigate adverse impacts, cumulative impacts, and impacts that shall cause irreversible or irretrievable commitment of resources.

   c. The Department shall will review the draft EID and either request additional information about one (1) or more potential impacts, or shall will draft a “finding of no significant impact” (FONSI).

04. Final Finding of No Significant Impact. The Department shall will publish the draft FONSI in a newspaper of general circulation in the geographical area of the proposed project and shall allow a minimum thirty (30) day public comment period. Following the required period of public review and comment, and after any public concerns about project impacts are addressed, the FONSI shall become final. The Department shall will assess the effectiveness and feasibility of the mitigation measures identified in the FONSI and EID prior to the issuance of the final FONSI and approval of the planning document.

05. Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) Requirements. If an EIS is required, the grant recipient shall:

   a. Contact all affected state agencies, and other interested parties, to determine the required scope of the document;

   b. Prepare and submit a draft EIS to all interested agencies, and other interested parties, for review and comment;

   c. Conduct a public meeting which may be held in conjunction with a planning document meeting; and

   d. Prepare and submit a final EIS incorporating all agency and public input for Department review and approval.

06. Final EIS. Upon completion of the EIS by the grant recipient and approval by the Department of all requirements listed in Subsection 040.05, the Department shall will issue a record of decision, documenting the mitigative measures which shall to be required of the grant recipient. The planning document can be completed once the final EIS has been approved by the Department.

07. Use of Environmental Reviews Conducted by Other Agencies. If an environmental review for the project has been conducted by another state, federal, or local agency, the Department may, at its discretion, issue its own determination by adopting the document and public notification process of the other agency.

08. Validity of Review. Environmental reviews, once completed by the Department, are valid for five (5) years from the date of completion. If a grant application is received for a project with an environmental review which is more than five (5) years old, the Department shall will reevaluate the project, environmental conditions, and public comments and shall will:

   a. Reaffirm the earlier decision; or

   b. Require supplemental information to the earlier Environmental Impact Statement, Environmental Information Document, or request for Categorical Exclusion. Based upon a review of the updated document, the
Department shall will issue and distribute a revised notice of Categorical Exclusion, finding of no significant impact, or record of decision. (3-30-01)

041. -- 049. (RESERVED)

050. GRANT OFFER AND ACCEPTANCE.

01. Grant Offer. Grant offers will be delivered by certified mail to applicants who received high priority ranking, were invited to submit an application, and provided a complete application. (3-30-01)

02. Acceptance of Grant Offer. Applicants have sixty (60) days in which to officially accept the grant offer on prescribed forms furnished by the State. The sixty (60) day acceptance period commences from the date indicated on the grant offer notice. If the applicant does not accept the grant offer within the sixty (60) day period, the grant funds may be offered to the next project of priority. (3-30-01)

03. Acceptance Executed as a Contract Agreement. Upon signature by the Director or the Director's designee as the grantor, and upon signature by the authorized representative of the qualifying entity, as the grant recipient, the grant offer shall will become a grant contract agreement. The disbursement of funds pursuant to an agreement is subject to a finding by the Director that the grant recipient has complied with all agreement conditions and has prudently managed the project. The Director may, as a condition of payment, require that a grant recipient vigorously pursue any claims it has against third parties who will be paid in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, with grant funds or transfer its claim against such third parties to the Department. Grant contract agreements shall be interpreted according to the law of grants in aid. No third party shall acquire any rights against the State or its employees from a grant contract agreement. (3-29-12)

04. Estimate of Reasonable Cost. Each grant project contract will include the eligible cost of conducting the planning study. Some eligible costs may be estimated and payments may be increased or decreased as provided in Section 060. (5-3-03)

05. Terms of Agreement. The grant offer shall contain terms of agreement as prescribed by the Department including, but not limited to special conditions as determined necessary by the Department for the successful planning of the project.

a. Terms consistent with these rules and consistent with the scope of the grant project; and (3-29-12)

b. Special clauses as determined necessary by the Department for the successful investigation and management of the project; and (5-3-03)

c. Terms consistent with applicable state and federal laws pertaining to planning documents; and (5-3-03)

d. Requirement for the prime engineering firm(s) retained for engineering services to carry professional liability insurance to protect the public from the engineer’s negligent acts and errors of omission of a professional nature. The total aggregate of the engineer’s professional liability shall be one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) or twice the amount of the engineer’s fee, whichever is greater. Professional liability insurance must cover all such services rendered for all project steps, whether or not such services or steps are state funded, until the certification of project performance is accepted by the Department. (4-2-08)

051. -- 059. (RESERVED)

060. PAYMENTS.

01. Eligibility Determination. Grant funds will only be provided for eligible costs as defined at Section 010 and determined in accordance with Section 032. (3-29-12)

02. Payments for State Grants. Requests for payment shall be submitted to the Department on a form provided by the Department. The Department shall will pay for those costs that are determined to be eligible.
03. **Grant Increases.** Grant amendment increase requests as a result of an increase in eligible project costs will be considered, provided funds are available. Documentation and justification supporting the unavoidable need for a grant increase must be submitted to the Department for approval prior to incurring any costs above the approved eligible cost ceiling.

04. **Grant Decreases.** If the actual eligible cost is determined to be lower than the estimated eligible cost the grant amount will be reduced proportionately.

05. **Final Project Review to Determine Actual Eligible Costs.** The Department may conduct a final project review to determine the actual eligible costs. The financial records of the grant recipient may be reviewed by the Department.

06. **Final Payment.** The final payment consisting of five percent (5%) of the total state grant will not be made until the requirements contained in the grant agreement have been satisfied.

061. -- 069. (RESERVED)

070. **SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF GRANT.**

01. **Causes.** The Director may suspend or terminate any grant for failure by the grantee or its agents, including his engineering firm(s), contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) to perform. A grant may be suspended or terminated for good cause including, but not limited to, the following:

   a. Commission of fraud, embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, misrepresentation, conversion, malpractice, misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, falsification or unlawful destruction of records, or receipt of stolen property, or any form of tortious conduct; or

   b. Commission of any crime for which the maximum sentence includes the possibility of one (1) or more years imprisonment or any crime involving or affecting the project; or

   c. Violation(s) of any term of agreement of the grant offer or contract agreement; or

   d. Any willful or serious failure to perform within the scope of the project; or

   e. Debarment of an engineering firm, contractor or subcontractor for good cause by any federal or state agency from working on public work projects funded by that agency.

02. **Notice.** The Director will notify the grantee in writing and by certified mail of the intent to suspend or terminate the grant. The notice of intent shall state:

   a. Specific acts or omissions which form the basis for suspension or termination; and

   b. That the grantee may be entitled to appeal the suspension or termination pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.23, “Rules of Administrative Procedure Before the Board of Environmental Quality.”

03. **Determination.** A determination will be made by the Board pursuant to IDAPA 58.01.23, “Rules of Administrative Procedure Before the Board of Environmental Quality.”

04. **Reinstatement of Suspended Grant.** Upon written request by the grantee and evidence that the cause(s) for suspension no longer exist, the Director may, if funds are available reinstate the grant.

05. **Reinstatement of Terminated Grant.** No terminated grant shall be reinstated.

071. -- 079. (RESERVED)
080. WAIVERS.
Waivers from the requirements of these rules may be granted by the Department on a case-by-case basis upon full demonstration that a significant public health emergency hazard exists. (3-30-01)

081. -- 999. (RESERVED)